

Presentation script

Slide Screenshot

Script

SLIDE 1



SAY: The American College of Rheumatology (ACR) has launched The Playbook, a set of local lupus awareness activities, which we will implement on our campus. The goal of the

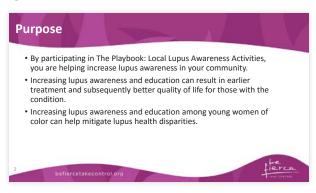
DO: [Welcome leaders to the education session.]

campaign is to raise awareness of the signs and symptoms of lupus and ultimately help reduce health disparities by reducing the time to diagnosis.

This education session includes information about lupus, it's disproportionate impact on women, African American women, and why it's important for us to do something. With this information, we will be equipped to hold a hands-on lupus awareness event and answer questions about lupus on campus.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 2

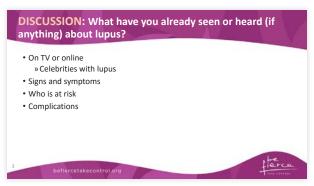


SAY: By participating in The Playbook: Local Lupus Awareness Activities, we are helping increase lupus awareness in our community, which can result in earlier treatment, better quality of life, and help mitigate lupus health disparities.

Later, I'll explain how you can help by volunteering for the handson event and increasing lupus awareness among friends and family!

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 3



DO: [Open the education session with a brief discussion. Allow plenty of time to have an open discussion, and encourage active participation.]

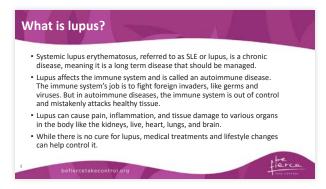
SAY: Before we learn more about lupus, let's discuss what we have already seen or heard (if anything) about lupus.

DO: [Call on 3-5 leaders to discuss celebrities who have lupus and what they may have seen on TV and online about lupus.]

SAY: Thank you for sharing what you have seen and heard about lupus. Now, I'm going to take a few minutes to share some facts and definitions of lupus with you.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

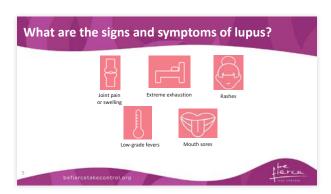




SAY: Lupus is a chronic disease, meaning it is a long term disease that should be managed. Lupus is also an autoimmune disease. In autoimmune diseases, like lupus, the immune system is out of control and mistakenly attacks healthy tissue.

Lupus can cause pain, inflammation, and tissue damage to various organs in the body like the kidneys, live, heart, lungs, and brain. Some lupus patients experience kidney involvement, that if not managed, can lead to organ damage. While there is no cure for lupus, medical treatments and lifestyle changes can help control it.

SLIDE 5



SAY: Lupus has many different signs and symptoms. Lupus is hard to detect because symptoms look like the symptoms of other diseases.

Some of the most common signs and symptoms of lupus are:

- Pain or swelling in your joints that always seems to come back
- Reoccurring sores in your mouth
- Rashes on your skin
 - The lupus "butterfly rash" appears across the nose and cheeks
- · Low-grade fevers you can't explain
- Extreme exhaustion no matter how much sleep you get

Lupus symptoms can show up in many different ways. Sometimes they appear out of the blue, and sometimes they can linger. Each person's experience with lupus is unique.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

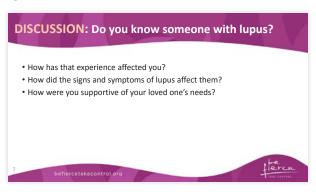
SLIDE 6



SAY: The first picture shows an example of joint swelling. The second picture shows a butterfly rash, which is a butterflyshaped rash on the cheeks and nose.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]



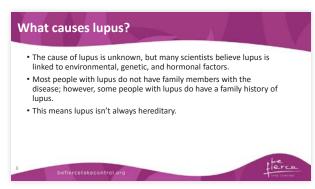


DO: [Lead a brief, 5-minute discussion about leaders' personal experience with lupus, either in their lives or in the lives of others. Allow plenty of time to have an open discussion, and encourage active participation.]

SAY: It's important to remember that lupus affects real people. Would anyone like to share how it's touched your life or the life of a friend or family member? When you share your experiences, please don't mention names. Also, please be respectful of others: experiences shared in this session, stay in this session [unless otherwise stated].

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 8

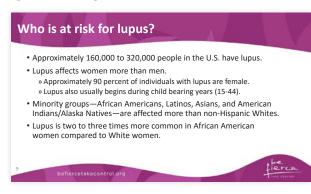


SAY: The cause of lupus is unknown. Scientists don't have a clear answer of what causes lupus, but believe lupus is linked to environmental, genetic, and hormonal factors. This means that lupus isn't always hereditary.

But, people with lupus can live full and active lives, especially when they receive an early diagnosis and begin treatment. This is why our goal is to spread awareness on our campus - we want anyone who may be experiencing lupus symptoms to talk to their doctor.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 9



SAY: While it is unclear why lupus occurs and there is no way to prevent lupus, we do know that some populations are affected by lupus more than others. Approximately 160,000 to 320,000 people in the U.S. have lupus. However, the true number of people affected by lupus remains unknown.

Lupus affects women more than men, and lupus usually begins during child bearing years (15-44). Minority groups are affected more than Whites. African American women are also affected more than White women - lupus is two to three times more common in African American women compared to White women.

These numbers emphasize the importance of seeing a doctor when you begin experiencing symptoms or just "feel off" to get a proper diagnosis and treatment to prevent poor health outcomes.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

Lupus health disparities

- The National Institute of Health defines health disparities as "the differences in the incidence, prevalence, mortality, and burden of disease and other adverse health conditions that exist among specific population groups.'
- Health disparities result from the complex interaction among genetic and environmental factors (e.g. race, low socioeconomic status) and health behaviors (e.g. treatment adherence, health literacy).
- Some researchers think that lupus health disparities may be, in part, due to limited health care access and lack of disease knowledge among affected populations.



SAY: As I just mentioned, lupus is two to three times more common among African American women. This is a example of a health disparity, which is when certain diseases are more common or adverse in specific populations.

Health disparities result from genetic and environmental factors and health behaviors. Some researchers think that lupus health disparities may be, in part, due to limited health care access and lack of disease knowledge among affected populations.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 11

DISCUSSION: Why do you think awareness about lupus is low?

- On your campus
- · Among your friends and family
- Nationwide



DO: [Take this time to have a short discussion about lupus awareness. Allow plenty of time to have an open discussion, and encourage active participation.]

SAY: Think about the facts I shared earlier in this presentation. Why do you think lupus awareness is low?

DO: [Call on 3-5 leaders to discuss awareness among peers, family, and nationwide.]

SAY: What new facts surprised you and what will you take away from this session to share with people during the hands-on event? What were some prior misconceptions you had about lupus?

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDF 12

How is lupus diagnosed?

- Lupus is hard to detect because the signs and symptoms are similar to other diseases and may come and go.
- · Lupus can often be misdiagnosed if only a single blood test is used for diagnosis.
- A health care provider should evaluate your symptom history, conduct a physical exam, and conduct a series of lab tests for a diagnosis
- Because diagnosis can be challenging, your health care provider may refer you to a rheumatologist, a doctor that specializes in autoimmune diseases.
- · Getting an early diagnosis of lupus is critical to preventing long-term consequences of the disease

SAY: Lupus is hard to detect because the signs and symptoms are similar to other diseases and may come and go, making it challenging for many health care providers. Lupus can often be misdiagnosed, and a health care provider should evaluate your symptom history, conduct a physical exam, and conduct a series of lab tests for a diagnosis.

Because diagnosis can be challenging, your health care provider may refer you to a rheumatologist, a doctor that specializes in autoimmune diseases. Sometimes, other specialists, like a dermatologist, may also be involved, because lupus can affect so many different organs.

Getting an early diagnosis of lupus is critical. Late diagnosis and delayed treatment can contribute to health complications and increased poor health outcomes. It is important to share as much information as you can about your medical history with your health care providers to help them make an accurate diagnosis.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

How is lupus treated? · The goals of lupus treatment: » Work with health care providers to manage medications, side effects, and healthy life style choices. » Stop and reverse ongoing organ inflammation. » Prevent or limit irreversible organ damage • Lupus requires a team approach, because it can affect so many different • Common treatment includes immunosuppressive drugs (hydroxychloroquine) and anti-inflammatory drugs (corticosteroids). • Early diagnosis and proper medical care significantly improve function and quality of life for lupus patients.

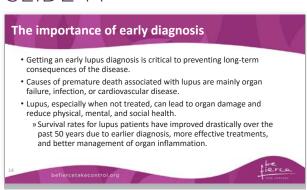
SAY: The most important goal of lupus treatment is to work with health care providers to manage medications, side effects, and healthy life style choices. Lupus treatment stops and reverses organ inflammation, which can prevent or limit damage to major organs, which could be fatal.

While a rheumatologist provides an official diagnosis, lupus is often managed by a team of doctors and a supportive network of family and friends. Getting an early lupus diagnosis is critical to improving the quality of life for lupus patients, and preventing long-term consequences of the disease.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 14

befiercetakecontrol.org



SAY: Getting an early diagnosis of lupus is critical. Late diagnosis and delayed treatment can contribute to health complications and increased poor health outcomes like organ failure, infection, or cardiovascular disease.

While there is no cure for lupus, medical treatments and lifestyle changes can help control it. Survival rates for lupus patients have improved drastically over the past 50 years, due to early diagnosis.

For this reason, it's critical that people seek medical care to get an early lupus diagnosis and treatment to prevent serious organ damage.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 15



SAY: The American College of Rheumatology (ACR) wants young leaders, like you, to use this Playbook to get you and your campus to Be Fierce. Take Control.™ The goal of the campaign is to raise awareness of the signs and symptoms of lupus, and ultimately help reduce health disparities by reducing the time to diagnosis. The campaign uses social media, video, digital advertising, and audience engagement to reach young African American women and educate them about lupus via the campaign website: befiercetakecontrol.org.

DO: [Play the campaign video in a separate window.]

DO: [Advance to the next slide after the video ends.]

Review the <u>Lupus fact sheet – detailed</u> and other Playbook resources. Establish committees to lead the social media campaign and the oncampus event. Volunteers to promote the event on our social media accounts. Volunteers for event set-up, tabling, and event clean-up. Host the on-campus awareness event. Spread lupus awareness on campus. Celebrate the ways students on campus are being fierce and taking control of their own health.

DO: [Hand out copies of the <u>Lupus fact sheet - detailed</u> and pass around the interest sheet for leaders to sign-up for event planning committees.]

SAY: Next, we all need to review the Playbook and its resources, decide who will serve on event planning committees, and host the on-campus awareness event. During the on-campus awareness event we will pass out information about lupus and encourage students to stop by our table and use the art supplies (i.e. sidewalk chalk and paint) to celebrate the ways they're taking control of their health. The Playbook has easy-to-use talking points for us to use as students stop by the table with questions about lupus.

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 17

DISCUSSION: How do you feel about spreading the word about lupus on campus?

- · Concerns you might have
- · What excites you
- · Ideas for how to engage your peers

DO: [Take this time to have a short discussion about spreading the word on campus. Allow plenty of time to have an open discussion, and encourage active participation.]

SAY: Now, we're at the end of the session. But our work is not over! How do you feel about spreading the word about lupus around campus?

DO: [Advance to the next slide at the end of the discussion.]



SLIDE 18

Takeaways

- Think you have the symptoms? schedule a doctor's appointment.
- Early diagnosis is critical to preventing long-term consequences of the disease.
- Share the campaign website with friends: <u>befiercetakecontrol.org</u>

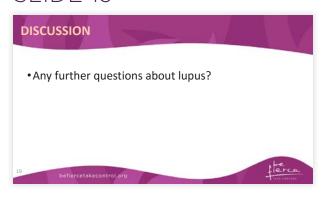


SAY: If you've been experiencing symptoms (one or more), it's time to schedule an appointment to talk to your health care provider! There is a guide on the campaign website if you're not used to scheduling your own health appointments.

If you think a friend may be experiencing symptoms of lupus, share befiercetakecontrol.org - a website that provides more information and resources to help.

When spreading the word on social media, don't forget to include the hashtag(s) #BeFierceTakeControl and [insert organization hashtag if applicable] on Twitter, Facebook, Instagram and Snapchat!

DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

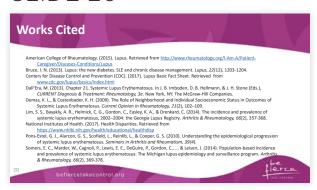


DO: [Open the discussion floor for final questions. Allow plenty of time to have an open discussion, and encourage active participation.]

SAY: Does anyone have any further questions about lupus?

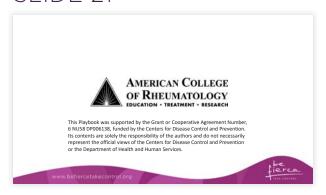
DO: [Advance to the next slide.]

SLIDE 20



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SLIDE 21



SAY: Thanks for coming! We'll be following up soon about the upcoming social media campaign and hands-on event.

DO: [End presentation.]